## Dow AgroSciences

### **Material Safety Data Sheet**

**Dow AgroSciences LLC** 

Product Name: CAPSTONE\* Herbicide Issue Date: 08/25/2011
Print Date: 25 Aug 2011

Dow AgroSciences LLC encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

### 1. Product and Company Identification

#### **Product Name**

CAPSTONE\* Herbicide

#### **COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

Dow AgroSciences LLC A Subsidiary of The Dow Chemical Company 9330 Zionsville Road Indianapolis, IN 46268-1189 USA

Customer Information Number: 800-992-5994

SDSQuestion@dow.com

### **EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER**

**24-Hour Emergency Contact:** 800-992-5994 **Local Emergency Contact:** 352-323-3500

### 2. Hazards Identification

# Emergency Overview Color: Red to brown Physical State: Liquid.

Odor: Mild

Hazards of product:

CAUTION! Combustible liquid and vapor. May cause eye irritation. May cause skin irritation. Eliminate ignition sources. Toxic fumes may be released in fire situations.

### **OSHA Hazard Communication Standard**

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

### **Potential Health Effects**

Eye Contact: May cause slight eye irritation. May cause slight temporary corneal injury.

Skin Contact: Brief contact may cause skin irritation with local redness.

Skin Absorption: Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

**Inhalation:** Prolonged exposure is not expected to cause adverse effects.

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**Ingestion:** Low toxicity if swallowed. Small amounts swallowed incidentally as a result of normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury; however, swallowing larger amounts may cause injury.

**Effects of Repeated Exposure:** In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs: For the active ingredient(s): Triclopyr triethylamine salt. Kidney. For similar active ingredient(s). Triclopyr. Aminopyralid. Liver. Gastrointestinal tract.

**Issue Date:** 08/25/2011

### 3. Composition Information

Component	CAS#	Amount
Triclopyr Triethylamine Salt	57213-69-1	16.22 %
Aminopyralid Triisopropanolamine Salt	566191-89-7	2.22 %
Ethylenediamine tetraacetic acid	60-00-4	0.8 %
Balance	Not available	80.76 %

### 4. First-aid measures

### **Description of first aid measures**

**General advice:** First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

**Inhalation:** Move person to fresh air; if effects occur, consult a physician.

Skin Contact: Wash skin with plenty of water.

**Eye Contact:** Flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses after the initial 1-2 minutes and continue flushing for several additional minutes. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

**Ingestion:** If swallowed, seek medical attention. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), no additional symptoms and effects are anticipated.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

### 5. Fire Fighting Measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

To extinguish combustible residues of this product use water fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers. Foam. General purpose synthetic foams (including AFFF type) or protein foams are preferred if available. Alcohol resistant foams (ATC type) may function.

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Nitrogen oxides. Hydrogen chloride. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** This material will not burn until the water has evaporated. Residue can burn. May produce flash fire. If exposed to fire from another source and water is evaporated, exposure to high temperatures may cause toxic fumes.

Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting Procedures: Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected zone until fire is out and danger of reignition has passed. To extinguish combustible residues of this product use water fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage. Review the "Accidental Release Measures" and the "Ecological Information" sections of this (M)SDS.

**Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:** Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). Avoid contact with this material during fire fighting operations. If contact is likely, change to full chemical resistant fire fighting clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. If this is not available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location. For protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up situations, refer to the relevant sections.

### 6. Accidental Release Measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Isolate area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area. Refer to Section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary measures. No smoking in area. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

**Environmental precautions:** Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Contain spilled material if possible. Small spills: Absorb with materials such as: Clay. Dirt. Sand. Sweep up. Large spills: Contact Dow AgroSciences for clean-up assistance. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

### 7. Handling and Storage

#### Handling

**General Handling:** Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain vapors. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld, or perform similar operations on or near empty containers. Keep out of reach of children. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Use with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling

**Other Precautions:** Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain vapors. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld, or perform similar operations on or near empty containers.

#### Storage

Store in a dry place. Store in original container. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Do not store near food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies.

### 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

### **Exposure Limits**

Exposure Limits				
Component	List	Type	Value	
Triclopyr Triethylamine Salt	Dow IHG	TWA	2 mg/m3 D-SEN	

A D-SEN notation following the exposure guideline refers to the potential to produce dermal sensitization, as confirmed by human or animal data.

RECOMMENDATIONS IN THIS SECTION ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING AND PACKAGING WORKERS. APPLICATORS AND HANDLERS SHOULD SEE THE PRODUCT LABEL FOR PROPER PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING.

#### **Personal Protection**

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses (with side shields).

**Skin Protection:** Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

Hand protection: Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Avoid gloves made of: Polyvinyl alcohol ("PVA"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

**Respiratory Protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. For most conditions, no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if material is heated or sprayed, use an approved air-purifying respirator. The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter.

**Ingestion:** Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work area. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

### **Engineering Controls**

**Ventilation:** Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

### 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

**Appearance** 

Physical State Liquid.
Color Red to brown

**Odor** Mild

Odor Threshold No test data available

**pH** 7.3

Melting PointNot applicableFreezing PointNo test data availableBoiling Point (760 mmHg)No test data available

Flash Point - Closed Cup 78.8 °C (173.8 °F) Closed Cup

**Evaporation Rate (Butyl** No test data available

Acetate = 1)

Flammable Limits In Air

Lower: No test data available
Upper: No test data available

Vapor PressureNo test data availableVapor Density (air = 1)No test data availableSpecific Gravity (H2O = 1)1.0528 Unspecified

Solubility in water (by Soluble

weiaht)

Partition coefficient, n- No data available for this product. See Section 12 for individual

octanol/water (log Pow) component data.

**Autoignition Temperature** 92/69/EEC A15 none below 400degC

**Decomposition** No test data available

**Temperature** 

**Dvnamic Viscosity** < 3 mPa.s

Kinematic Viscosity No test data available

Oxidizing properties No

**Liquid Density** 1.0528 g/cm3 *Digital density meter* 

### 10. Stability and Reactivity

### Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

### **Chemical stability**

Thermally stable at recommended temperatures and pressures.

#### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Active ingredient decomposes at elevated temperatures. Generation of gas during decomposition can cause pressure in closed systems.

Incompatible Materials: Avoid contact with: Oxidizers.

### **Hazardous decomposition products**

Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Hydrogen chloride. Nitrogen oxides. Toxic gases are released during decomposition.

### 11. Toxicological Information

### **Acute Toxicity**

#### Ingestion

As product: LD50, Rat, female 3,752 mg/kg

Dermal

As product: LD50, Rat > 5,000 mg/kg

Inhalation

As product: LC50, 4 h, Aerosol, Rat > 5.34 mg/l No deaths occurred at this concentration.

### Eye damage/eye irritation

May cause slight eye irritation. May cause slight temporary corneal injury.

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Brief contact may cause skin irritation with local redness.

### Sensitization

Skin

Did not demonstrate the potential for contact allergy in mice.

### Respiratory

No relevant data found.

### **Repeated Dose Toxicity**

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs: For the active ingredient(s): Triclopyr triethylamine salt. Kidney. For similar active ingredient(s). Triclopyr. Aminopyralid. Liver. Gastrointestinal tract.

#### **Chronic Toxicity and Carcinogenicity**

As product: No relevant information found.

### **Developmental Toxicity**

Active ingredient did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

### **Reproductive Toxicity**

As product: No relevant information found.

### **Genetic Toxicology**

For the active ingredient(s): Triclopyr triethylamine salt. In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Genetic toxicity studies in animals were negative for component(s) tested.

### 12. Ecological Information

### **Toxicity**

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested). Material is slightly toxic to birds on an acute basis (LD50 between 501 and 2000 mg/kg).

#### Fish Acute & Prolonged Toxicity

LC50, rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss), flow-through, 96 h: > 800 mg/l

#### **Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity**

EC50, water flea Daphnia magna, flow-through, 48 h, immobilization: > 800 mg/l

#### **Aquatic Plant Toxicity**

ErC50, diatom Navicula sp., Growth rate inhibition, 96 h: > 100 mg/l

### **Toxicity to Above Ground Organisms**

oral LD50, bobwhite (Colinus virginianus): 1839 mg/kg bodyweight.

oral LD50, Honey bee (Apis mellifera): 133.0 micrograms/bee

contact LD50, Honey bee (Apis mellifera): > 191.6 micrograms/bee

### **Toxicity to Soil Dwelling Organisms**

LC50, Earthworm Eisenia foetida, adult, 14 d: > 0.3333 mg/kg

### Persistence and Degradability

### Data for Component: Triclopyr Triethylamine Salt

Chemical degradation (hydrolysis) is expected in the environment. Biodegradation under aerobic static laboratory conditions is high (BOD20 or BOD28/ThOD > 40%).

Chemical degradation (hydrolysis) is expected in the environment.

### Data for Component: Aminopyralid Triisopropanolamine Salt

For similar material(s): Aminopyralid. Material is not readily biodegradable according to OECD/EEC guidelines.

#### Data for Component: Ethylenediamine tetraacetic acid

Material is inherently biodegradable (reaches > 20% biodegradation in OECD test(s) for inherent biodegradability).

#### **OECD Biodegradation Tests:**

Biodegradation	Exposure Time	Method	10 Day Window
37 %	14 d	OECD 302B Test	Not applicable

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 1.37 mg/mg

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

### Data for Component: Triclopyr Triethylamine Salt

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Partition coefficient, n-octanol/water (log Pow): 0.196 - 0.309 Shake flask (OECD 107

Test)

Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 1; invertebrate; Measured

### Data for Component: Aminopyralid Triisopropanolamine Salt

**Bioaccumulation:** For similar active ingredient(s). Aminopyralid. Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

#### Data for Component: Ethylenediamine tetraacetic acid

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Partition coefficient, n-octanol/water (log Pow): -5.005 Estimated.

Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 1.1; fish; Measured

### Mobility in soil

### Data for Component: Triclopyr Triethylamine Salt

Partition coefficient, soil organic carbon/water (Koc): 4,523 Estimated. Henry's Law Constant (H): 3.724E-14 atm\*m3/mole; 25 °C Estimated.

### Data for Component: Aminopyralid Triisopropanolamine Salt

**Mobility in soil:** For similar active ingredient(s)., Aminopyralid., Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

### Data for Component: Ethylenediamine tetraacetic acid

**Mobility in soil:** Potential for mobility in soil is high (Koc between 50 and 150).

Partition coefficient, soil organic carbon/water (Koc): 98Henry's Law Constant (H): 7.7E-16 atm\*m3/mole Estimated.

## 13. Disposal Considerations

If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws.

### 14. Transport Information

#### **DOT Non-Bulk**

**NOT REGULATED** 

#### **DOT Bulk**

 $\textbf{Proper Shipping Name:} \ \mathsf{COMBUSTIBLE} \ \mathsf{LIQUID}, \ \mathsf{NOS}$ 

**Technical Name: CONTAINS TRIETHYLAMINE** 

Hazard Class: COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID ID Number: NA1993 Packing Group: PG III

### **IMDG**

**NOT REGULATED** 

#### ICAO/IATA

NOT REGULATED

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

### 15. Regulatory Information

### **OSHA Hazard Communication Standard**

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312

Immediate (Acute) Health HazardYesDelayed (Chronic) Health HazardYesFire HazardNoReactive HazardNoSudden Release of Pressure HazardNo

## Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313

To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

## Pennsylvania (Worker and Community Right-To-Know Act): Pennsylvania Hazardous Substances List and/or Pennsylvania Environmental Hazardous Substance List:

To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

## Pennsylvania (Worker and Community Right-To-Know Act): Pennsylvania Special Hazardous Substances List:

To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

## Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) Section 103

This product contains the following substances which are subject to CERCLA Section 103 reporting requirements and which are listed in 40 CFR 302.4.

Component	CAS#	Amount
Ethylenediamine tetraacetic acid	60-00-4	0.8%

### California Proposition 65 (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986)

This product contains no listed substances known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, at levels which would require a warning under the statute.

#### **Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)**

All components of this product are on the TSCA Inventory or are exempt from TSCA Inventory requirements under 40 CFR 720.30

### 16. Other Information

Hazard Rating System

NFPA Health Fire Reactivity

3 1 1

#### Revision

Identification Number: 1007086 / 1016 / Issue Date 08/25/2011 / Version: 2.3

DAS Code: GF-1883

Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

### Legend

N/A	Not available
W/W	Weight/Weight
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit
TWA	Time Weighted Average
ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Inc.
DOW IHG	Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline
WEEL	Workplace Environmental Exposure Level
HAZ_DES	Hazard Designation
Action Level	A value set by OSHA that is lower than the PEL which will trigger the need for
	activities such as exposure monitoring and medical surveillance if exceeded.

Dow AgroSciences LLC urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is

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provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.

**Issue Date:** 08/25/2011